## **SECTION II—CLAIMS**

1. (Previously Presented) An optical isolator having an input and an output, the optical isolator comprising:

a phase retardation plate positioned at the input, wherein the phase retardation plate is the first polarization-modifying component encountered by an optical signal entering through the input; and

an optical rotator positioned between the phase-retardation plate and the output, the optical rotator comprising a Faraday rotator positioned between a first polarizer and a second polarizer.

- (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1 wherein the optical rotator further comprises a second Faraday rotator positioned between the second polarizer and a third polarizer.
- 3. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1 wherein the phase retardation plate is a half wave  $(\lambda/2)$  phase retardation plate.
- 4. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1 wherein the phase retardation plate is positioned at a selected angle relative to a light path.
- 5. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1, further comprising a polarization-maintaining fiber coupled to the output.
- 6. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1, further comprising a polarization-maintaining fiber coupled to the input.
- 7. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 1, further comprising a radiation source coupled to the input.

- 8. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 7 wherein the radiation source is a tunable laser.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A process comprising:

rotating a polarization of an optical signal using a phase retardation plate, wherein the phase retardation plate is the first polarization-modifying component encountered by the optical signal; and

following the rotation of the polarization of the optical signal using a phase retardation plate, further rotating the polarization of the optical signal using an optical rotator.

10. (Original) The process of claim 9 wherein further rotating the polarization of the optical signal comprises:

filtering the optical signal passing through the phase retardation plate; rotating the filtered optical signal using a Faraday rotator; and filtering the optical signal passing through the Faraday rotator.

11. (Original) The process of claim 10, wherein the Faraday rotator is a first Faraday rotator, and wherein further rotating the polarization of the optical signal further comprises:

rotating the filtered optical signal using a second Faraday rotator; and filtering the optical signal passing through the second Faraday rotator.

12. (Original) The process of claim 9 wherein the phase retardation plate is a half-wave  $(\lambda/2)$  phase retardation plate.

- 13. (Original) The process of claim 9 further comprising varying the wavelength of the optical signal.
- 14. (Original) The process of claim 9 further comprising inputting the optical signal to the phase retardation plate using a polarization-maintaining fiber.
- 15. (Original) The process of claim 9 further comprising outputting the signal from the optical rotator using a polarization maintaining fiber.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A system comprising:

an optical signal source;

an optical isolator having an input and an output, the optical signal source being coupled to the input, and the optical isolator comprising:

a phase retardation plate positioned at the input, wherein the phase retardation plate is the first polarization-modifying component encountered by the optical signal,

an optical rotator positioned after the phase-retardation plate, the optical rotator comprising a first Faraday rotator positioned between a first polarizer and a second polarizer; and

- a polarization-maintaining fiber connected to the output of the optical isolator
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 16 wherein the isolator is a first isolator, and further comprising a second Faraday rotator positioned between the second polarizer and a third polarizer.

- 18. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 16 wherein the radiation source is coupled to the input using a polarization-maintaining fiber.
- 19. (Original) The system of claim 16 wherein the radiation source is tunable.
- 20. (Original) The system of claim 16 wherein the radiation source is a laser.
- 21. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 16 wherein the phase retardation plate is a half wave  $(\lambda/2)$  phase retardation plate.
- 22. (Original) The optical isolator of claim 16 wherein the phase retardation plate is positioned at a selected angle relative to a light path.